

fHR studies @Erasmus MC

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PARADISE, 22-03-2023



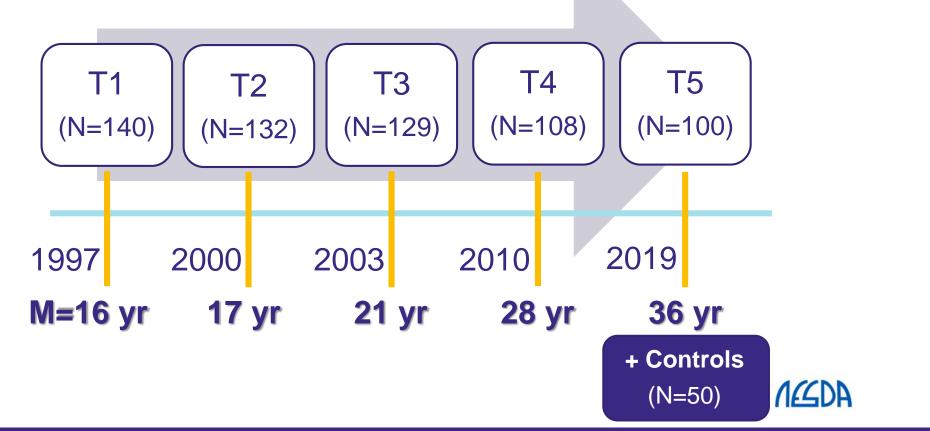


Dutch Bipolar Offspring Study













Domains

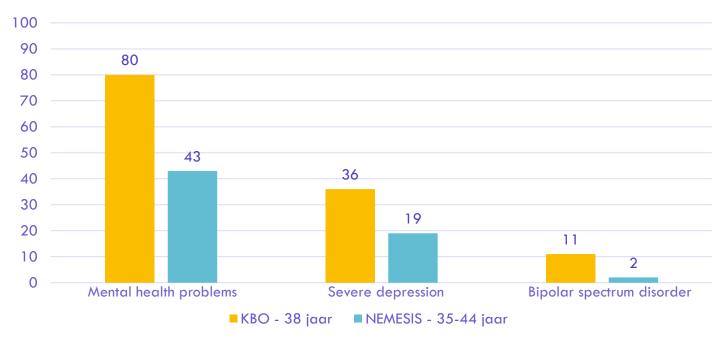
- Psychopathology, diagnoses & symptoms (KSADS & SCID, symptom severity scales)
- ASEBA questionnaires (multi informant)
- Life events/trauma [Brugha, JTV, CTQ]
- Coping [UCL]
- Temperament/personality [VTCI]
- Drug (ab)use [CIDI], medication use
- Cognition
- Blood [immuno, cortisol, GWAS to be done]





Psychiatric problems around age 38

Lifetime prevalence DSM-IV classifications



Helmink, Mesman, Hillegers (in progress)





Mood and Resilience in Offspring





1

Cohort study: To understand the development of mood disorders in offspring of parents with mood disorders (uni/bipolar depression)

2

Screening study: To recognize mood disorders in offspring of parents with mood disorders by screening in clinical practice



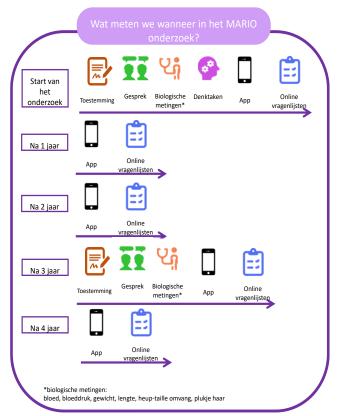
Intervention study: To prevent the onset of mood disorders by providing an online preventative intervention





Cohort study

- Participant is between 10-25 years old and has a parent
 with a mood (or psychotic) disorder
- Current N=487 (aim N=500) of which 98 from BRIDGE





Domains

- Psychopathology, diagnoses & (subclinical)symptoms (KSADS & SCID, symptom severity scales)
- ASEBA questionnaires (multi informant)
- Life events/trauma [CTQ]
- Coping [UCL]
- Personality [BFI-2]
- Drug (ab)use [CIDI], medication use
- Cognition [WISC/WAIS]
- Sleep / sports / media use / body image / sexting / sexua.ity / self-esteem / peer problems / social support / parental rearing / parentification
- Resilience [Connor-Davidson resilience scale]

- Experience Sampling (ESM)
- Blood [GWAS]
- Hair





Dutch Bipolar and Schizophrenia Offspring Study





BRIDGE: Brain Imaging, Development & Genetics





Dutch Bipolar and Schizophrenia Offspring Study

	SZo			BDo			Со		
	T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	Т3	T1	T2	Т3
N	58	51	32	94	84	48	56	49	27
age	12.8	16.6		13.7	17.8		12.9	16.6	

+ approx. 5 yrs (in MARIO, no MRI, ongoing)





Domains

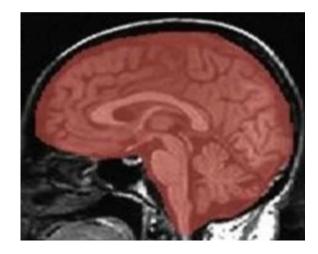
- Psychopathology, diagnoses & (subclinical)symptoms (KSADS & SCID, symptom severity scales)
- ASEBA questionnaires (multi informant)
- Life events/trauma [LEDS, JTV,]
- Coping [UCL]
- Personality [NPV-(J)2]
- Drug (ab)use [CIDI], medication use
- Cognition
- Blood [GWAS]
- MRI (T1, DTI, rsfMRI, task fMRI [emotion, reward, SSAT, self-agency]



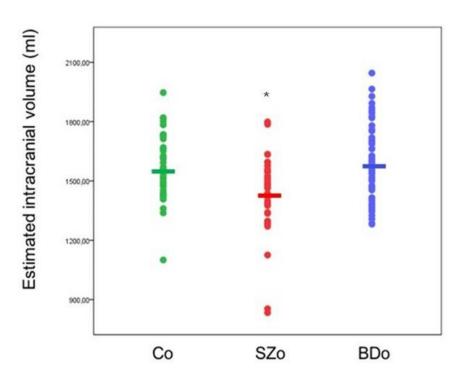
Brain structure, IQ, and psychopathology in young offspring of patients with schizophrenia or bipolar disorder

Neeltje E.M. van Haren^{1,2*}, Nikita Setiaman^{1,2*}, Martijn G.J.C. Koevoets¹, Heleen Baalbergen¹, Rene S. Kahn^{1,3} and Manon H.J. Hillegers^{1,2}

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Van Haren et al, Eur Psychiatry, 2020

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Department of Psychiatry, University Medi. Catherine Italy he North Grant Catherine 1. Setiaman et al. Changes in brain volume, cortical thickness, and surface area 2. Poortman et al. Changes in structural connectome 3. Poortman et al. Changes in intracortical myelin profiles S70





Thank you, are there questions?

