The Danish High Risk and Resilience Study - VIA 7, VIA 11, and VIA 15

Children born to parents with schizophrenia, bipolar disorder and none of these disorders

Lundbeckfonden 18. marts 2022





The Danish High Risk and Resilience Study VIA 15

The 522 children were extracted from Danish registers.

They constituted a representative sample of the total population, but non-participating parents had slightly worse prognosis e.g. higher percentage of smoking mothers.

IPW didn't change results.



The Danish High Risk and Resilience Study Sources of information



School teacher



Investigators observations

Information from multiple sources



Primary caregiver



The child

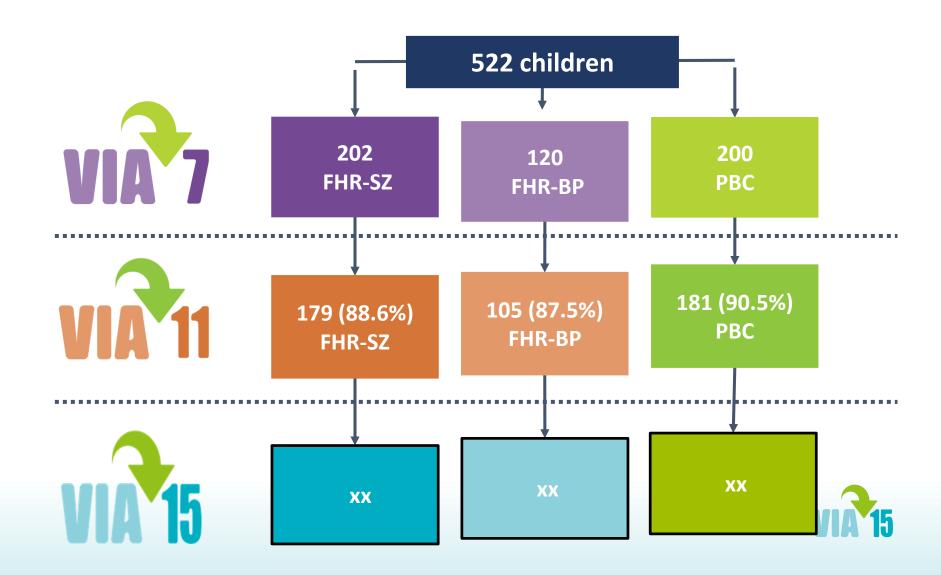


"Ill"/control parent

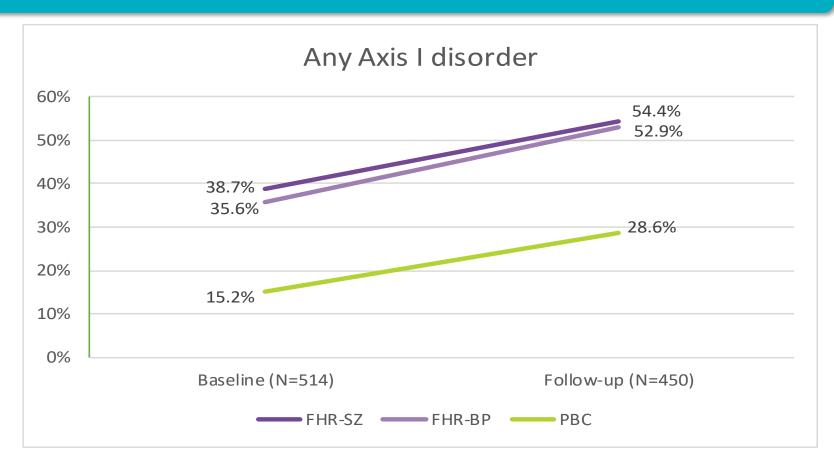


Homevisit

Flow-chart



Results from VIA 7 and VIA 11: Proportion with child psychiatric diagnosis

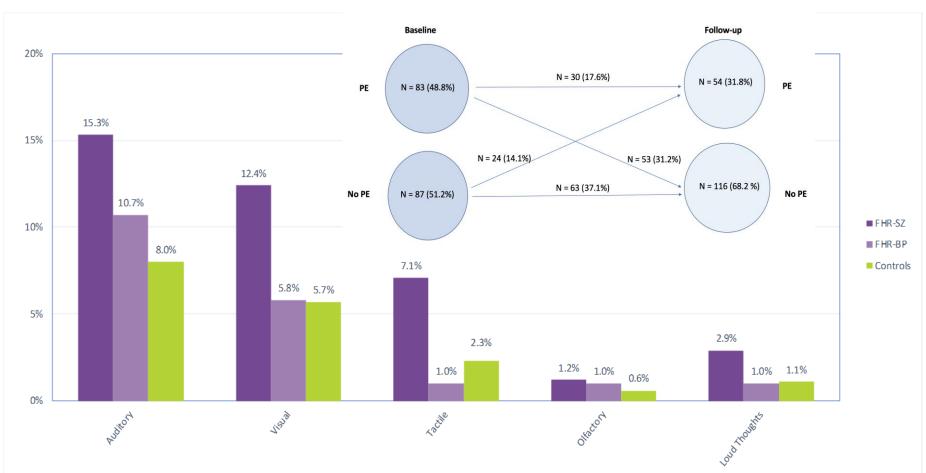


Ellersgaard et al, World Psychiatry 2018, Gregersen et al, JCCP 2022



Results from VIA 7 and VIA 11: Proportion with psychotic experiences

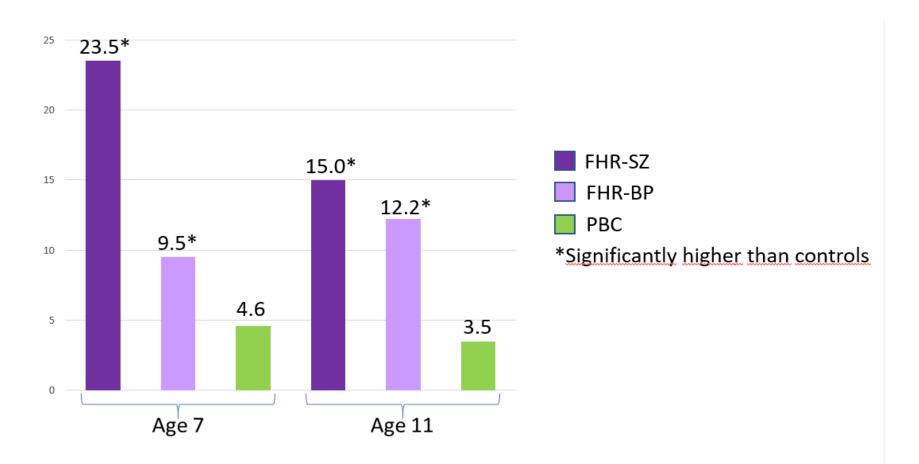
Figure 1a. FHR-SZ (N=170)



Ellersgaard et al, Sciz Res 2020, Gregersen in revision, Am J Psych



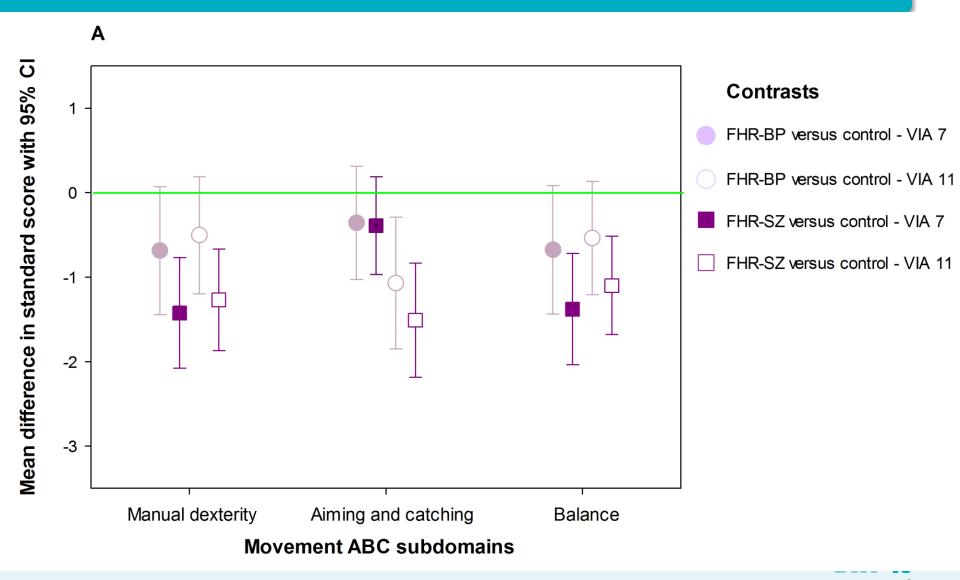
Results from VIA 7 and VIA 11: Proportion with inadequate HOME environment



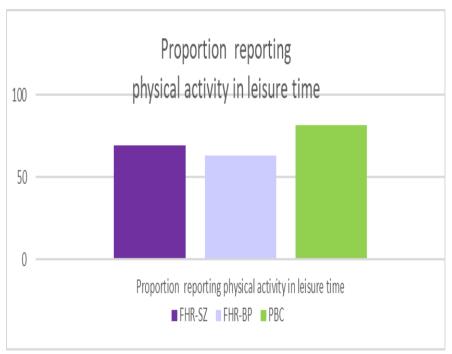
Gantriis. Acta Psych Scand 2019, Falkenberg Krantz, Psychological Medicine 2021

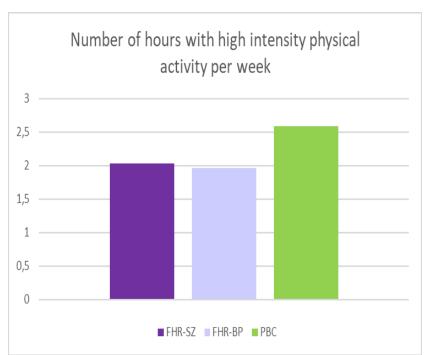


Results from VIA 7 and VIA 11: Motor Functioning



Results from VIA 11: Reporting physical activity and number of hours with high intensity physical activity





Søndergaard A. et al, Schizophrenia Bulletin Open 2021

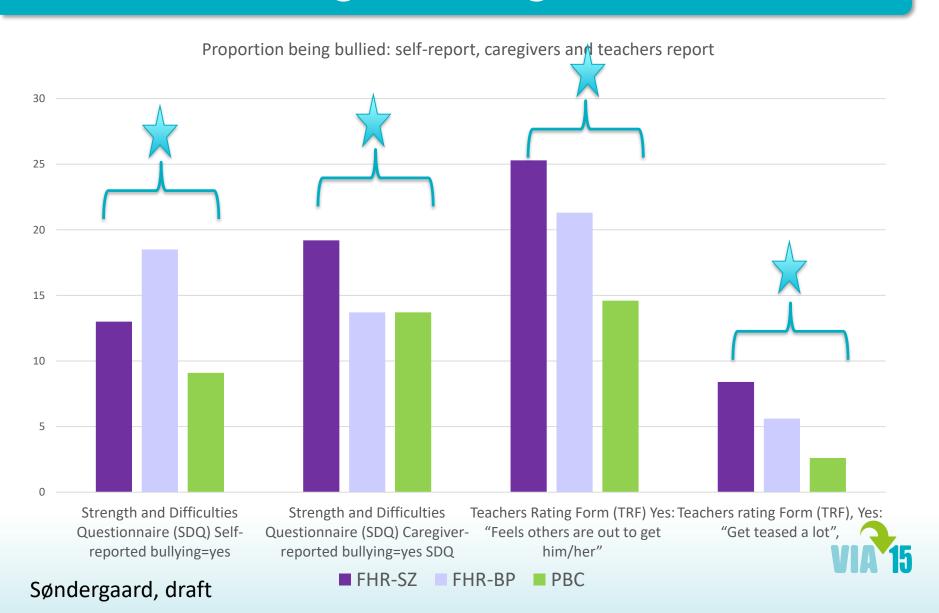


Proportion with any trauma, reported at age 7, 11 and lifetime

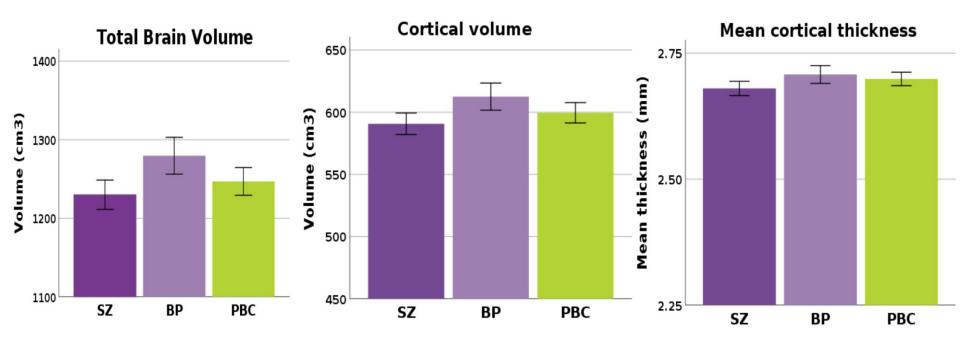


Brandt, in Press, 2022, British Journal of Psychology

Children's, teachers' and caregivers' reports about child being bullied, age 11



VIA 11: Brainmap



Group: F = 5.335, p = 0.005

Group: F = 4.768, p = 0.009

Group: F = 3.239, p = 0.041

Covariates: age, sex, site



Take home message VIA 7 and VIA 11 – so far -Children of parents with schizophrenia versus controls

- More likely to live in inadequate home environment
- Higher proportion have child psychiatric disorders
- More psychotic experiences
- Lower cognitive function
- Poorer understanding of language
- Poorer motor functioning
- Less high intensity physical activity
- More traumatic life events
- More likely to be bullied
- Structural brain changes at age 11
- A group of children of parents with schizophrenia have impairments in almost all domains
- This group is also living in more difficult life circumstances



Researchers in VIA 7 and VIA 11

Merete Nordentoft, Prof, DMSc Anne Søndergaard Oskar Hougaard Jefsen Mette Enevoldsen Anne Thorup, Prof, MD, PhD Kate Zahle Line Carmichael Ole Mors, Prof., MD, PhD. Maja Gregersen Hartwig Siebner, Prof PhD Ditte-Marie Henriksen, PhD Jessica Ohland William Baaré, PhD Kathrine Skak Madsen, PhD **Collaborators:** Torben Lund, PhD Ditte Lou Gantriis, PhD KHORA Virtual Reality Leif Østergaard, Prof, PhD Aja Greve Neergaard, PhD **SENS Motion** Vibeke Bliksted, PhD. Julie Marie Brandt Troels Kjær, Prof PhD Carsten Hjorthøj. Ass Prof, PhD Mette Falkenberg Krantz, PhD Klaus Kaae Andersen, Prof, PhD Claus Thorn Ekstrøm, Prof, PhD Sinneka Roed Thomas Werge, Prof PhD Ron Nudel, PhD Martin Wilms Preben Mortensen, Prof DMSc Katrine Skak Madsen Christina Bruun Knudsen Carsten B. Pedersen, Prof DMSc Melissa Larsen Marianne Giørtz Pedersen Anna Krogh Nicoline Hemager, PhD Lotte Vedum David Hougaard, PhD Kerstin Plessen, Prof, MD, PhD. Anna Hester van Themaat Jonas Grauholm, PhD Jens Richardt Jepsen, PhD. Line Johnsen Jun Peng Wang, PhD Ditte Ellersgaard, MD, PhD Merete Birk Signe Vangkilde, PhD. Birgitte Burton, MD, PhD Anette Bundsgaard Susanne Harder, Prof, PhD. Camilla Christiani, PhD Jamal Uddin, PhD Barbara Hoff, Psych, PhD Åsa Prøsch Anne Ranning, Psych. PhD. Rudolf Uher, Prof, PhD KHORA Dost Öpgir Prof PhD Katrine Spang, MD Marie Nymand











